### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

With Independent Auditors' Review Report for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

The independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.



## 安侯建業解合會計師重務府

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### **Independent Auditors' Review Report**

To the Board of Directors of Solid State System Co., Ltd.:

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of the Solid State System Co., Ltd. ("3S") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Company") as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standards ("IASs") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

#### **Scope of Review**

We conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, as well as its consolidated cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IASs 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Chien-Hui Lu and Wan-Yuan Yu.

#### KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) November 7, 2019

#### Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated statement of financial position, financial performance and its cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

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### (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese.)

Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards as of September 30, 2019 and 2018

### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

### **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

### September 30, 2019, December 31 and September 30, 2018

### (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	September 30, 2	019	December 31, 2	018	September 30, 2	2018		Sept	ember 30, 2	019	December 31, 20	018	September 30, 2	2018
Assets	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Liabilities and Equity	A	mount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Current assets:							Current liabilities:							
Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(1))	\$ 61,748	10	33,899	4	25,691	4	Short-term borrowings (notes 6(9) and 8)	\$	84,956	14	71,000	10	30,586	4
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							Current contract liabilities		871	-	-	-	2,497	-
(note 6(2))	-	-	45	-	-	-	Accounts payable		14,216	3	54,797	7	48,773	7
Current contract assets	9,473	1	-	-	-	-	Accrued payroll and bonus		6,538	1	14,922	2	9,986	2
Accounts receivable, net (note 6(3))	23,929	4	26,934	4	26,816	4	Current lease liabilities (note 6(10))		6,358	1	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable from related parties, net (notes 6(3)							Other current liabilities		38,042	6	42,142	6	37,784	6
and 7)	47,027	8	102,443	14	76,137	11			150,981	25	182,861	25	129,626	19
Inventories (note 6(4))	187,747	31	246,412	33	208,168	30	Non-current liabilities:							
Other current financial assets (notes 6(1), (5) and 8)	2,102	-	65,980	9	81,891	12	Deferred tax liabilities		205	-	205	-	364	-
Other current assets	9,697	2	12,573	2	11,284		Guarantee deposits received		1,050	-	-	-	-	-
	341,723	56	488,286	66	429,987	62	Other non-current liabilities		1,115		1,115	_	726	
Non-current assets:									2,370		1,320		1,090	
Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(6) and 8)	190,483	32	198,647	26	204,351	30	Total liabilities		153,351	25	184,181	25	130,716	19
Right-of-use assets (note 6(7))	6,321	1	-	-	-	-	<b>Equity</b> (note 6(14)):							
Intangible assets (note 6(8))	25,691	4	23,644	3	22,628	3	Common stock		808,596	133	808,596	107	808,596	116
Deferred tax assets	29,860	5	29,860	4	29,007	4	Accumulated deficits		(355,596)	<u>(58</u> )	(239,974)	(32)	(240,857)	<u>(35</u> )
Refundable deposits (note 8)	8,064	1	7,952	1	7,951	1	Total equity		453,000	75	568,622	75	567,739	81
Net defined benefit asset, non-current (note 6(12))	884	-	884	-	1,719	-								
Other non-current financial assets	3,325	1	3,530		2,812									
	264,628	44	264,517	34	268,468	38								
Total assets	\$ <u>606,351</u>	<u>100</u>	752,803	<u>100</u>	698,455	<u>100</u>	Total liabilities and equity	\$	606,351	<u>100</u>	752,803	<u>100</u>	698,455	<u>100</u>

### (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese.) Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards

### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

### **Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

### For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

	For the three months ended September 30,				For the nine months ended September 30,				
	2019			2018		2019		2018	
		Amount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Operating revenues</b> (notes 6(16) and 7)	\$	147,827	100	190,333	100	446,846	100	519,483	100
<b>Operating costs</b> (notes 6(4), (10) and 12)	_	107,519	73	119,376	63	339,955	76	342,484	66
Gross profit	_	40,308	27	70,957	37	106,891	24	176,999	34
<b>Operating expenses</b> (notes 6(10), 7 and 12):									
Selling		19,711	14	16,742	9	56,829	13	47,147	9
General and administrative		9,114	6	10,520	5	28,128	6	32,208	6
Research and development		47,559	32	43,985	23	138,092	31	126,574	25
Total operating expenses	_	76,384	52	71,247	37	223,049	50	205,929	40
Net operating loss	_	(36,076)	(25)	(290)		(116,158)	(26)	(28,930)	<u>(6</u> )
<b>Non-operating income and expenses</b> (note 6(18)):									
Other income		42	-	202	-	279	-	772	-
Other gains and losses		35	-	984	1	1,289	-	2,460	1
Finance costs (note 6(10))	_	(382)	_	(35)		(1,032)		(74)	_
Total non-operating income and expenses	_	(305)		1,151	1	536		3,158	1
Income (loss) before tax		(36,381)	(25)	861	1	(115,622)	(26)	(25,772)	(5)
<b>Income tax benefits</b> (note 6(13))		-						(4,296)	<u>(1</u> )
Net income (loss) for the period		(36,381)	(25)	861	1	(115,622)	<u>(26</u> )	(21,476)	<u>(4</u> )
Other comprehensive income for the period (after tax)	_	-	_						_
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	(36,381)	<u>(25</u> )	861	1	(115,622)	<u>(26</u> )	(21,476)	<u>(4</u> )
Earnings per share (New Taiwan Dollars) (note 6(15))									
Basic earnings per share	\$		( <u>0.45</u> )		0.01		<u>(1.43</u> )		<u>(0.27</u> )
Diluted earnings per share	\$		( <u>0.45</u> )		0.01		<u>(1.43</u> )	(	<u>(0.27</u> )

### (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese.) <u>Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards</u>

Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Com	imon stock	Accumulated deficits	Total equity
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	808,596	(219,381)	589,215
Net loss for the period		-	(21,476)	(21,476)
Other comprehensive income for the period		-		
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	(21,476)	(21,476)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$	808,596	(240,857)	567,739
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	808,596	(239,974)	568,622
Net loss for the period		-	(115,622)	(115,622)
Other comprehensive income for the period				
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	(115,622)	(115,622)
Balance as of September 30, 2019	\$	808,596	(355,596)	453,000

### (English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese.) Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards

### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

### **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

### For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

### (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2019	1	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Loss before tax	\$ (1	15,622)	(25,772)
Adjustments:			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):			
Depreciation		29,826	21,169
Amortization		5,870	5,158
Expected credit loss		75	156
Interest expense		1,032	74
Interest income		(334)	(772)
Provision for inventory devaluation loss		36,339	7,432
Others		888	214
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)		73,696	33,431
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Changes in operating assets:			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, mandatorily measured			
at fair value		45	-
Accounts receivable		2,930	(12,197)
Accounts receivable from related parties		55,416	4,891
Inventories		22,326	(83,582)
Other operating assets		(6,030)	192
Total changes in operating assets		<u>(0,030</u> ) <u> </u>	(90,696)
Changes in operating liabilities:		/1,007	(70,070)
Accounts payable	(	40,581)	37,273
Other operating liabilities		11,526)	(3,806)
Total changes in operating liabilities		$\frac{11,320}{52,107}$	33,467
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities		<u>22,580</u>	(57,229)
Total adjustments		<u>96,276</u>	(23,798)
Cash flows used in operations		19,346)	(49,570)
Interest received	(	350	801
Interest received		(1,026)	(64)
Income taxes paid		(1,020)	(04)
Net cash flows used in operating activities		20,022)	(48,840)
Cash flows from investing activities:	(	<u>20,022</u> )	(40,040)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(	15,076)	(30,541)
(Increase) decrease in refundable deposits	(	(112)	(30,311)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(8,898)	(7,721)
Decrease in other current financial assets		63,500	33,400
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities		<u> </u>	(4,845)
Cash flows from financing activities:			(1,015)
Proceeds from borrowings	1'	33,491	51,586
Repayments of borrowings		19,535)	(21,000)
Increase in guarantee deposits received	(1	1,050	(21,000)
Payment of lease liabilities		(6,549)	-
•			- 20.586
Net cash flows from financing activities	,	8,457	30,586
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period		27,849	(23,099)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	-	<u>33,899</u>	48,790
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	Φ	61,748	25,691

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

#### (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share Information and Unless Otherwise Specified)

#### 1. Company History

Solid State System Co., Ltd. ("3S") was incorporated on November 26, 1998, as a company limited by shares and registered under the Ministry of Economic Affairs of the Republic of China ("R.O.C."). The address of 3S's registered office is 5F-1 No. 22 Tai Yuen Street, Tai Yuen Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Jubei City, Hsinchu 302, Taiwan, R. O. C. 3S's common stocks have been publicly listed on Taipei Exchange since December 24, 2007.

The main activities of 3S and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") are the design, research, development, manufacture and sale of integrated circuits (ICs).

#### 2. Approval Date and Procedures of the Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors and issue on November 7, 2019.

#### 3. New Standards and Interpretations Adopted

(1) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. ("FSC") which have already been adopted.

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments have been endorsed by the FSC and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

	Effective date per International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	<b>Standards Board</b>
IFRS 16 Leases	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IFRS 9 Prepayment features with negative compensation	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 19 Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 28 Long-term interests in associates and joint ventures	January 1, 2019
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015-2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019

Except for the following items, the Company believes that the adoption of the above IFRSs would not have any material impact on its consolidated financial statements. The extent and impact of significant changes are as follows:

A. IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 replaces the existing leases guidance, including IAS 17 Leases, IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15 Operating Leases – Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease.

The Company applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings on January 1, 2019. The details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed below:

(i) Definition of a lease

Previously, the Company determined at contract inception whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease under IFRIC 4. Under IFRS 16, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on the definition of a lease, as explained in note 4(3).

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which the transactions are leases. The Company applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed for whether there is a lease. Therefore, the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 was applied only to contracts entered into, or changed on, or after, January 1, 2019.

(ii) As a lessee

As a lessee, the Company previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred significantly all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to the Company. Under IFRS 16, the Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for most leases – i.e. these leases are on-balance sheet.

Except for the short-term leases that the Company applied recognition exemptions to, for the leases classified as operating leases under IAS 17, at transition, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Company's incremental borrowing rate as at January 1, 2019. Right-of-use assets are measured at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments.

In addition, the Company used the following practical expedients when applying IFRS 16 to its leases:

- Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.
- Adjusted the right-of-use assets by the amount of IAS 37 onerous contract provision immediately before the date of initial application, as an alternative to an impairment review.
- Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term.
- Used hindsight when determining the lease term if the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

#### (iii) Impacts on financial statements

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognized the additional amount of \$12,907 as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. When measuring lease liabilities, the Company discounted lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019, where the weighted-average rate applied is 1.5644%.

The explanation of differences between operating lease commitments disclosed at the end of the annual reporting period immediately preceding the date of initial application, and lease liabilities recognized in the statement of financial position at the date of initial application disclosed as follows:

	Jan	uary 1, 2019
Operating lease commitment at December 31, 2018 as disclosed in the Company's consolidated financial statements	\$	10,949
Recognition exemption for short-term leases		(529)
Extension and termination options reasonably certain to be exercised		2,629
Undiscounted amount at January 1, 2019	\$	13,049
Discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019	<b>\$</b>	12,907
Lease liabilities recognized at January 1, 2019	<b>\$</b>	12,907

B. The impact of IFRS endorsed by the FSC but not yet effective

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments have been endorsed by the FSC and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020 in accordance with Ruling No. 1080323028 issued by the FSC on July 29, 2019:

	Effective date per International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3 Definition of a Business	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 Definition of Material	January 1, 2020

The Company assesses that the adoption of the abovementioned standards would not have any material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

C. The impact of IFRS issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not yet endorsed by the FSC

As of the date, the following IFRSs that have been issued by the IASB, but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date per IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture	Effective date to be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39 and IFRS7 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform	January 1, 2021 January 1, 2020

The Company is evaluating the impact on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance upon the initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Company completes its evaluation.

#### 4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers* (hereinafter referred to as the Regulations) and the guidelines of IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* (hereinafter referred to as IAS 34) which are endorsed and issued into effect by FSC, and do not include all of the information required by the Regulations and by the IFRSs, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC (hereinafter referred to as the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC) for a complete set of the annual consolidated financial statements.

Except as described in the following paragraph, the Company's significant accounting policies are applied consistently with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. For related information, please refer to note 4 of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

(2) Basis of consolidation

The principle of preparation of the consolidated financial statements is consistent with those of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. For related information, please refer to note 4(3) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

# Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

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### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

A. List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

			Percentage of ownership		
Name of investor	Subsidiary	Main activities	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
38	ViCHIP Corporation Limited(ViCHIP)	Operating electronic components manufacturing, wholesaling, sales and product design business	100 %	100 %	100 %

B. List of subsidiaries which are not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

### (3) Leases (applicable from January 1, 2019)

A. Identifying a lease

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset, and the supplier does not have a substantive right to substitute the asset; and
- the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Company has the right to the direct use of the asset.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of land and buildings in which it is a lessee, the Company has elected not to separate these non-lease components, and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

B. As a leasee

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at, or before, the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments);
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the assessment regarding the purchase option; or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications.

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Company has elected not to recognize the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for its parking space, which qualifies as short-term and low-value assets leases. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### C. As a lessor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Company applies IFRS 15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

#### (4) Income tax

Income tax expense in the financial statements is measured and disclosed in according to paragraph B12 of IAS 34 endorsed by the FSC.

Income tax expense for the period is best estimated by multiplying pretax income for the interim reporting period by the effective annual tax rate as forecasted by the management. This is recognized fully as income tax expense for the current period.

For a change in tax rate that is substantively enacted in an interim period, the effect of the change should immediately be recognized in the interim period in which the change occurs.

Temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases shall be measured based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the time of the asset or liability is recovered or settled, and be recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income as tax expense.

#### (5) Employee benefits

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the reporting date of the prior fiscal year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

#### 5. Major Sources of Accounting Judgments, Estimations and Assumptions of Uncertainty

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and IFRSs (in accordance with IAS 34 endorsed by the FSC) requires management to make judgments, estimations and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the major sources of accounting judgments, estimations and assumptions of uncertainty are applied consistently with note 5 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### 6. Description of Significant Accounts

Except for the following disclosures, there is no significant difference as compared with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. Please refer to Note 6 of the 2018 annual consolidated financial statements.

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Sept	ember 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	343	323	167
Checking and savings accounts		14,905	31,176	23,124
Time deposits		46,500	2,400	2,400
	\$	61,748	33,899	25,691

Refer to note 6(19) for the sensitivity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities of the Company.

There were no time deposits with original maturities of more than three months as of September 30, 2019. In addition, time deposits with original maturities of more than three months as of December 31 and September 30, 2018, respectively, were reclassified to other current financial assets. Please refer to note 6(5).

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Financial assets at fair value through profit			
or loss, mandatorily measured at fair			
value:			
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$	45	

The Company held derivative financial instruments to manage its foreign currency exchange risk resulting from operations. The related transactions had been settled as of September 30, 2019 and 2018. The Company held the following derivative instruments, without the application of hedge accounting, were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, mandatorily measured at fair value as of December 31, 2018:

Unit: foreign currency thousand

	December 31, 2018					
	Cont	ract				
	amo	unt	Currency	Maturity date		
Sell-forward foreign	USD	600	Sell USD/	January 16, 2019~		
currency exchange contracts			Buy TWD	January 23, 2019		

### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### (3) Accounts receivable (including receivables from related parties)

	Sep	tember 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Accounts receivable (including receivables from related parties)	\$	71,391	129,737	103,176
Less: loss allowance		(435)	(360)	(223)
	<b>\$</b>	70,956	129,377	102,953
Accounts receivable, net	\$	23,929	26,934	26,816
Accounts receivable from related parties, ne	t \$	47,027	102,443	76,137

The Company applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses (ECL), which permit the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. The ECL on accounts receivable by reference to past default experience of the customers and credit risk characteristics, as well as forward looking information, including macroeconomic and relevant industry information. The expected loss allowance for accounts receivable (including receivables from related parties) was determined as follows:

		September 30, 2019					
		Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average loss rate	Expected loss allowance			
Not past due	\$	58,591	0.053 %	31			
Past due 1~89 days		7,622	3.004 %	229			
Past due 90~180 days		5,090	2.888 %	147			
More than 180 days past d	le .	88	31.818 %	28			
Total	\$	71,391		435			

		December 31, 2018					
		Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average loss rate	Expected loss allowance			
Not past due	\$	122,242	0.200 %	244			
Past due 1~89 days		5,074	0.020 %	1			
Past due 90~180 days		2,071	-	-			
More than 180 days past d	lue	350	32.857 %	115			
Total	\$	129,737		360			

		September 30, 2018					
	(	Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average loss rate	Expected loss allowance			
Not past due	\$	97,496	0.217 %	212			
Past due 1~89 days		4,849	0.144 %	7			
Past due 90~180 days		831	0.482 %	4			
Total	\$	103,176		223			

The movement in the allowance for accounts receivable (including receivables from related parties) was as follows:

	F	or the nine m Septemb	
		2019	2018
Beginning balance	\$	360	67
Impairment loss recognized		75	156
Ending balance	\$	435	223

(4) Inventories

	Sept	ember 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Raw materials	\$	8,535	36,707	17,495
Work in process		110,767	110,126	114,193
Finished goods		61,120	99,541	76,457
Merchandise inventory		7,325	38	23
	\$	187,747	246,412	208,168

The details of operating costs were as follows:

	Fo	r the three m Septemb		For the nine months ended September 30,		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Cost of goods sold	\$	97,228	119,460	303,616	335,052	
Inventory devaluation loss						
(reversal)	_	10,291	(84)	36,339	7,432	
	<b>\$</b>	107,519	119,376	339,955	342,484	

### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(5) Other current financial assets

	Sept	ember 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Time deposits (over three months)	\$	-	63,500	79,600
Pledged deposits		300	300	300
Others		1,802	2,180	1,991
	<b>\$</b>	2,102	65,980	81,891

Please refer to note 8 for the details regarding deposit guarantee as of September 30, 2019, December 31 and September 30, 2018.

### (6) Property, plant and equipment

		Land	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Office and other equipment	Total
Cost:						
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	34,271	73,357	150,208	16,858	274,694
Additions	_		494	13,264	1,318	15,076
Balance as of September 30, 2019	<b>\$</b> _	34,271	73,851	163,472	18,176	289,770
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	34,271	74,339	134,980	7,654	251,244
Additions		-	-	16,602	13,475	30,077
Reclassification	_	-		(6)		(6)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	<b>\$</b> _	34,271	74,339	151,576	21,129	281,315
Accumulated depreciation:	_					
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	-	18,667	53,050	4,330	76,047
Depreciation for the period	_		1,504	18,196	3,540	23,240
Balance as of September 30, 2019	<b>\$</b> _	-	20,171	71,246	7,870	99,287
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	-	17,501	34,254	4,040	55,795
Depreciation for the period	_		1,657	15,916	3,596	21,169
Balance as of September 30, 2018	<b>\$</b> _		19,158	50,170	7,636	76,964
Book value:	_					
Balance as of January 1, 2019	<b>\$</b> _	34,271	54,690	97,158	12,528	198,647
Balance as of September 30, 2019	\$_	34,271	53,680	92,226	10,306	190,483
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$_	34,271	56,838	100,726	3,614	195,449
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$_	34,271	55,181	101,406	13,493	204,351

Please refer to note 8 for the details regarding facilities guarantee as of September 30, 2019, December 31 and September 30, 2018.

(7) Right-of-use assets

		September 30, 2019
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets:		
Buildings		\$ <u>6,321</u>
	For the three months ended September 30, 2019	For the nine months ended September 30, 2019
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets:		
Buildings	\$ <u>2,196</u>	6,586

The Company leases office under operating leases, for the nine months ended September 30, 2018; please refer to note 6(11).

### (8) Intangible assets

		Computer software	Patent and technology license fee	Total
Cost:				
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	10,473	28,095	38,568
Additions		2,888	5,917	8,805
Reclassification		-	(888)	(888)
Balance as of September 30, 2019	<b>\$</b>	13,361	33,124	46,485
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	11,583	22,721	34,304
Additions		3,543	4,091	7,634
Reclassification			(208)	(208)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$	15,126	26,604	41,730
Accumulated amortization:				
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	3,829	11,095	14,924
Amortization for the period		2,122	3,748	5,870
Balance as of September 30, 2019	<b>\$</b>	5,951	14,843	20,794
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	5,625	8,319	13,944
Amortization for the period		2,411	2,747	5,158
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$	8,036	11,066	19,102

		Computer software	Patent and technology license fee	Total
Book value:	_			
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	6,644	17,000	23,644
Balance as of September 30, 2019	\$	7,410	18,281	25,691
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	5,958	14,402	20,360
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$	7,090	15,538	22,628
Short-term borrowings				
	1	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Unsecured bank loans	\$	9,956	-	9,586
Secured bank loans	-	75,000	71,000	21,000
Total	\$	84,956	71,000	30,586
Unused short-term credit lines	\$	136,064	139,720	179,944
Range of interest rates		1.56%~2.30%	1.49%~1.56%	1.49%~1.70%

Please refer to note 8 for the details regarding facilities guarantee as of September 30, 2019, December 31 and September 30, 2018.

#### (10) Lease liabilities

(9)

The carry amount of lease liabilities were as follows:

	September 30,
	2019
Current	\$ <u>6,358</u>

For the maturity analysis, please refer to note 6(19) of the financial instruments.

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	For th	For the three	
	month	s ended	months ended
		September 30, 2019	
Interest on lease liabilities	<u>\$</u>	27	108
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$	58	190

### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Company was as follows:

	For the nine
	months ended
	September 30,
	2019
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ <u>6,847</u>

As of September 30, 2019, the Company leases buildings for its office space. The leases of office space typically run for a period of 2 years.

(11) Operating lease

There were no significant additions to the operating lease contracts for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. For related information about operating lease, please refer to note 6(9) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

(12) Employee benefit

Given there was no significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off event in the prior fiscal year, the pension costs in the financial statements are measured and disclosed according to the actuarial results determined on December 31, 2018 and 2017.

For the information related to the Company's pension costs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, please refer to note 12.

#### (13) Income tax

A. The amount income tax benefits were as follows:

		months ended nber 30,	For the nine months ended September 30,		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Current tax expense	\$ <u> </u>				
Deferred tax benefit					
Change in tax rate				(4,296)	
Income tax benefits	\$ <u> </u>	- <u>-</u>		<u>(4,296</u> )	

- B. 3S's income tax returns had been assessed by the tax authorities through 2017.
- (14) Capital and other equity interest

Except as described in the following paragraph, there were no significant changes in the Company's capital and other equity interest for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. For related information about the stockholders' equity, please refer to note 6(12) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The deficit compensation for 2018 and 2017 which was approved during the stockholders' meeting held on June 24, 2019 and June 8, 2018, respectively, was consistent with the resolution approved by the Board of Directors.

The information is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

After the end of the year, the earnings distribution for 2019 will be subjected for approval in the Board of Directors' meeting and annual stockholders' meeting. The information will be available on the Market Observation Post System website after the resolution meeting.

#### (15) Earnings per share

The Company calculated the EPS as follows:

	Fo	r the three m Septemb	onths ended oer 30,	For the nine months ended September 30,		
		2019	2019 2018		2018	
Basic earnings per share:						
Net income (loss) attributable to 3S's stockholders	<b>\$</b>	(36,381)	861	(115,622)	(21,476)	
Weighted average common stocks outstanding						
(thousand shares)		<u>80,860</u>	80,860	80,860	80,860	
Basic EPS (TWD)	\$	(0.45)	0.01	(1.43)	(0.27)	
Diluted EPS (TWD)	\$	(0.45)	0.01	(1.43)	(0.27)	

Since 3S incurred a net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares for the period.

(16) Revenue from contracts with customers

	For the three months ended September 30,			For the nine months ended September 30,		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Primary geographical markets						
America	\$	81,917	122,576	258,681	313,180	
Taiwan		25,671	32,179	73,369	101,279	
Japan		30,526	28,278	93,598	86,073	
China		7,635	3,507	11,745	9,620	
Hong Kong		2,078	3,773	9,453	9,311	
India		-	20		20	
	\$	147,827	190,333	446,846	519,483	
Major products						
Revenue from IC	\$	137,672	178,297	425,912	485,121	
Technical Service Income		10,155	12,036	20,934	34,362	
	\$	147,827	190,333	446,846	519,483	

(Continued)

#### (17) Compensation of employees and directors

According to 3S's articles of incorporation, 3S's annual net income before tax, after offsetting any accumulated deficit, no less than 10% of the remainder shall be appropriated as employee compensation, and no more than 2% of the remainder shall be appropriated as compensation to directors. The compensation of employee in the form of stock bonuses may also apply to employees of the affiliated companies. The Board of Directors is authorized to set out related terms and conditions. The remuneration to independent directors of 3S are distributed on a monthly fixed term and excluded from the above mentioned distribution.

Because 3S incurred a net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, compensation to employees and directors were not accrued. If there are any subsequent adjustments to the actual compensation amounts after the annual stockholders' meeting, the adjustment will be regarded as changes in accounting estimates and will be reflected in profit or loss in the following year.

For related information about the 3S's compensation to employees and directors will be available at the Market Observation Post System website.

#### (18) Non-operating income and expenses

A. Other income

	For t	he three mo Septembe	For the nine months ended <u>September 30,</u>			
	2	019	2018	2019	2018	
Interest income	\$	97	202	334	772	
Others		(55)		(55)		
	\$	42	202	279	772	

#### B. Other gains and losses

	For	the three mo Septembe		For the nine months ended September 30,		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Foreign exchange gains, net	\$	157	231	1,265	1,921	
Gains (losses) on financial assets (liabilities) at fair						
value through profit or loss		(145)	(119)	(360)	(377)	
Others		23	872	384	916	
	<u>\$</u>	35	984	1,289	2,460	

### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### C. Finance costs

	For t	the three me Septembe	onths ended er 30,	For the nine months endedSeptember 30,		
	2	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Interest expense — short-term borrowings and other	\$	355	35	924	74	
Interest expense – lease liabilities		27	-	108		
	\$	382	35	1,032	74	

### (19) Financial instruments

Except as described in the following paragraph, there were no significant changes in the Company's fair value of financial instruments exposed to credit risk and market risk. For related information about the fair value of financial instruments, please refer to note 6(18) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### A. Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities (including estimated interest expense):

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years
September 30, 2019					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Unsecured variable-rate bank					
loans	\$ 9,956	9,996	9,996	-	-
Secured variable-rate bank loans	75,000	75,325	75,325	-	-
Account Payable	14,216	14,216	14,216	-	-
Current lease liabilities	6,358	6,391	4,323	2,068	-
Other payables (recorded in other current liabilities)	29,123	29,123	29,123	-	-
Guarantee deposits received	1,050	1,050			1,050
	\$ <u>135,703</u>	136,101	132,983	2,068	1,050
December 31, 2018					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Secured variable-rate bank loans	\$ 71,000	71,377	71,377	-	-
Accounts payable	54,797	54,797	54,797	-	-
Other payables (recorded in other current liabilities)	30,528	30,528	30,528	_	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 156,325	156,702	156,702	_	

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years
September 30, 2018					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Unsecured variable-rate bank loans	\$ 9,586	9,613	9,613	-	-
Secured variable-rate bank loans	21,000	21,046	21,046	-	-
Accounts payable	48,773	48,773	48,773	-	-
Other payables (recorded in other current liabilities)	29,197	29,197	29,197		
	\$ <u>108,556</u>	108,629	108,629		

The Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amounts.

#### B. Currency risk

(a) Exposure to currency risk

The Company's financial assets and liabilities exposed to exchange rate risk were as follows:

	September 30, 2019			December 31, 2018			September 30, 2018		
	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD	\$ 2,445	31.02	75,844	3,996	30.72	122,757	3,576	30.53	109,175
Financial liabilitie	<u>s</u>								
Monetary items									
USD	611	31.02	18,953	1,778	30.72	54,620	1,613	30.53	49,245

(b) Sensitivity analysis

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, receivable (including receivables from related parties), accounts payable and other payables accounts that are denominated in foreign currency.

A 1% depreciation or appreciation of the TWD against the USD as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, would have decreased or increased the net loss by \$455 and \$479, respectively. This analysis is based on foreign currency exchange rate variances that the Company considered to be reasonably possible at the reporting date. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

The Company's realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) on the foreign currency monetary items using the functional currency were as follows:

	For the th	ree months	ended Septe	mber 30,	For the nine months ended September 30,				
	201	2019		2018		2019		2018	
	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	Average rate	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	Average rate	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	Average rate	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	Average rate	
USD	\$ <u>157</u>	_	231	_	1,265		1,921	_	

C. Fair value of financial instruments

(a) Categories of financial instruments and fair value

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is measured on a recurring basis. The Company's carrying amount and the fair value of financial assets and liabilities (including information for fair value hierarchy, excluding financial instruments whose fair values approximate the carrying amounts and lease liabilities) were as follows:

	September 30, 2019					
	С	arrying				
	ŀ	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at amortized cost						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	61,748	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable (including receivables from related						
parties)		70,956	-	-	-	-
Other current financial assets		2,102	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits		8,064	-	-	-	-
Other non-current financial assets	s	3,325				
	<b>\$</b>	146,195				
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost						
Short-term borrowings	\$	84,956	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable		14,216	-	-	-	-
Other payables (recorded in othe current liabilities)	r	29,123	-	-	-	-
Current lease liabilities		6,358	-	-	-	-
Guarantee deposits received		1,050				
	\$	135,703				

	December 31, 2018						
	(	Carrying		Fair	value		
		Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets at fair value							
through profit or loss							
Financial assets at fair value							
through profit or loss, mandatorily measured at fair							
value – foreign currency							
forward contracts	<b>\$</b>	45		45		45	
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	_						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,899	-	-	-	-	
Accounts receivable (including receivables from related							
parties)		129,377	-	-	-	-	
Other current financial assets		65,980	-	-	-	-	
Refundable deposits		7,952	-	-	-	-	
Other non-current financial assets	s	3,530					
	<b>\$</b>	240,738					
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost							
Short-term borrowings	\$	71,000	-	-	-	-	
Accounts payable		54,797	-	-	-	-	
Other payables (recorded in other	r						
current liabilities)	_	30,528					
	\$	156,325					
			Sep	tember 30, 20	18		
		Carrying			value		
		Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets measured at amortized cost							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,691	-	-	-	-	
Accounts receivable (including receivables from related							
parties)		102,953	-	-	-	-	
Other current financial assets		81,891	-	-	-	-	
Refundable deposits		7,951	-	-	-	-	
Other non-current financial assets		2,812					
	\$_	221,298					
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost							
Short-term borrowings	\$	30,586	-	-	-	-	
Accounts payable		48,773	-	-	-	-	
Other payables (recorded in other	r	<b>0</b> 0 10 <b>-</b>					
current liabilities)	_	29,197					
	\$_	108,556					

(Continued)

### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Valuation techniques for financial instruments not measured at fair value

Fair value measurement for financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost will be based on the latest quoted price and agreed-upon price if these prices are available in the active markets. When market value is unavailable, the fair value of financial liabilities are evaluated based on the discounted cash flow of the financial assets and liabilities.

(c) Valuation techniques for financial instruments that are measured at fair value

Foreign currency forward contract is measured based on the current forward exchange rate.

(20) Financial risk management

There were no significant changes in the Company's objectives and policies applied in the financial risk management from those in note 6(19) of the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2018.

(21) Capital management

The Company's objectives, policies and processes for capital management were consistent with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. There were no significant changes in quantified factors of capital management from those in the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2018. For related information about the capital management, please refer to note 6(20) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

(22) Financing activities not affecting current cash flow

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

	Short-term borrowings		Lease liabilities	Guarantee deposits received
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	71,000	12,907	-
Cash flows:				
Proceeds from borrowings		133,491	-	-
Repayments of borrowings		(119,535)	-	-
Payment of lease liabilities		-	(6,549)	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received				1,050
Balance as of September 30, 2019	\$	84,956	6,358	1,050

### Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

	Short-term borrowings		
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$ -		
Cash flows:			
Proceeds from borrowings	51,586		
Repayments of borrowings	(21,000)		
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$ <u>30,586</u>		

### 7. Related-party Transactions

(1) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statements.

Name of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Kingston Digital International Ltd (KDIL)	The subsidiary of Kingston Technology Company
Toshiba Memory Corporation (TMC)(Note)	A member of the board of 3S

Note: TMC was renamed KIOXIA Corporation in October, 2019.

### (2) Significant transactions with related parties

A. Sales and service revenue from related parties

		r the three m Septemb		For the nine months endedSeptember 30,		
<b>Related Party Category</b>		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Other related-parties:						
KDIL	\$	72,443	122,343	249,207	305,277	
TMC		30,526	28,278	93,598	86,073	
	<b>\$</b>	102,969	150,621	342,805	391,350	

The collection terms for sales to related parties will be 30 to 45 days or after the month-end; the prices of products sold to related parties were determined by the product specifications and the situation regarding market supply and demand, and there was no obvious difference from those with non-related parties.

#### B. Accounts receivable from related parties

<b>Related Party Category</b>	Sept	ember 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Other related-parties:				
KDIL	\$	36,441	84,247	69,870
TMC		10,586	18,196	6,267
	\$	47.027	102,443	76,137

### (3) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	For the three months ended September 30,			For the nine months endedSeptember 30,		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Short-term employee benefits	\$	2,652	3,191	9,278	7,694	
Post-employment benefits		81	81	243	243	
	<b>\$</b>	2,733	3,272	9,521	7,937	

### 8. Pledged Assets

The carrying values of the Company's pledged assets are as follows:

Assets	Purpose of Pledged	Sep	otember 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018
Time deposits (recorded in other current financial assets)	Customs duty guarantee	\$	300	300	300
Property, plant and equipment	Loan commitments	Ψ	87,951	88,961	89,453
Refundable deposits	Warranty guarantee		5,500	5,500	5,500
		<b>\$</b>	93,751	94,761	95,253

### 9. Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Except the consolidated financial statements notes 6(10) and (11), 3S has licenses to use other companies' technology, which require monthly royalty payments based on sales volume.

#### 10. Significant Disaster Losses: None.

#### 11. Significant Subsequent Events: None.

### 12. Others

A summary of current-period employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization, by function, is as follows:

By function	For the three months ended September 30, 2019			For the three months ended September 30, 2018			
By item	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total	
Employee benefits							
Salary	444	40,686	41,130	406	40,669	41,075	
Labor and health insurance	48	3,261	3,309	44	3,085	3,129	
Pension	23	2,029	2,052	22	1,999	2,021	
Others	44	1,829	1,873	46	2,064	2,110	
Depreciation	4,721	5,326	10,047	4,046	3,075	7,121	
Amortization	-	1,978	1,978	-	1,550	1,550	

By function	For the nine months ended September 30, 2019			For the nine months ended September 30, 2018			
By item	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total	
Employee benefits							
Salary	1,308	122,148	123,456	1,216	110,947	112,163	
Labor and health insurance	139	9,902	10,041	130	9,113	9,243	
Pension	68	6,125	6,193	65	5,851	5,916	
Others	109	4,844	4,953	115	5,165	5,280	
Depreciation	13,847	15,979	29,826	11,982	9,187	21,169	
Amortization	-	5,870	5,870	-	5,158	5,158	

#### **13.** Segment Information

The Company is a single reportable segment. The Company is mainly engaged in the research, development, manufacture and sale of integrated circuits (ICs). The operating segment information is consistent with the consolidated financial statements. Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for net revenues from external customers and segment profit or loss, and refer to the consolidated balance sheets for segment assets.