Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Statements With Independent Auditors' Review Report for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

The independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.



安侯建業群合會計師重務的 KPMG

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Independent Auditors' Review Report

To the Board of Directors of Solid State System Co., Ltd.:

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of the Solid State System Co., Ltd. ("3S") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Company") as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, as well as the changes in equity and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standards ("IASs") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, as well as its consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IASs 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Chien-Hui Lu and Wan-Yuan Yu.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) August 8, 2019

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2019, December 31 and June 30, 2018

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	June 30, 20	19	December 31, 2	2018	June 30, 201	8			June 30, 2019)	December 31, 2	018	June 30, 2018	8
Assets Current assets:	Amount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	%	Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities:		Amount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	%
Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(1))	\$ 69,405	11	33,899	4	20,317	3	Short-term borrowings (notes 6(9) and 8)	\$	93,115	14	71,000	10	-	-
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							Current financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	S						
(note 6(2))	-	-	45	-	-	-	(note 6(2))		-	-	-	-	136	-
Accounts receivable, net (note 6(3))	20,836	3	26,934	4	14,133	2	Current contract liabilities		797	-	-	-	2,711	-
Accounts receivable from related parties, net (notes 6(3) and							Accounts payable		15,330	3	54,797	7	35,367	5
7)	70,214	11	102,443	14	85,894	13	Accrued payroll and bonus		7,152	1	14,922	2	10,007	2
Inventories (note 6(4))	214,227	32	246,412	33	148,644	23	Current lease liabilities (note 6(10))		8,069	1	-	-	-	-
Other current financial assets (notes 6(1), (5) and 8)	2,220	-	65,980	9	109,495	17	Other current liabilities	_	45,288	7	42,142	6	37,308	6
Other current assets	11,076	2	12,573	2	6,675	1			169,751	<u> 26</u>	182,861	<u>25</u>	85,529	13
	387,978	_ 59	488,286	_66	385,158	_59	Non-current liabilities:							
Non-current assets:							Deferred tax liabilities		205	-	205	-	364	-
Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(6) and 8)	194,908	29	198,647	26	205,195	31	Other non-current liabilities (note 6(10))	_	1,596		1,115		726	
Right-of-use assets (note 6(7))	8,517	1	-	-	-	-			1,801		1,320		1,090	
Intangible assets (note 6(8))	27,579	4	23,644	3	20,985	3	Total liabilities		171,552	<u>26</u>	184,181	<u>25</u>	86,619	13
Deferred tax assets	29,860	5	29,860	4	29,007	5	Equity (note 6(14)):							
Refundable deposits (note 8)	7,955	1	7,952	1	7,865	1	Common stock		808,596	122	808,596	107	808,596	124
Net defined benefit asset, non-current (note 6(12))	884	-	884	-	1,719	-	Accumulated deficits	_	(319,215)	<u>(48</u>)	(239,974)	<u>(32</u>)	(241,718)	<u>(37</u>)
Other non-current financial assets	3,252	1	3,530		3,568	_1	Total equity		489,381	74	568,622	<u>75</u>	566,878	87
	272,955	41	264,517	34	268,339	41								
Total assets	\$ 660,933	<u>100</u>	752,803	<u>100</u>	653,497	<u>100</u>	Total liabilities and equity	\$	660,933	<u>100</u>	752,803	<u>100</u>	653,497	<u>100</u>

Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share)

	For the three months ended June 30,					For the six months ended June 30,			
	2019			2018		2019		2018	
		Mount	<u>%</u>	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>
Operating revenues (notes 6(16) and 7)	\$	156,518	100	194,415	100	299,019	100	329,150	100
Operating costs (notes 6(4), (10) and 12)	_	113,633	<u>73</u>	125,066	_64	232,436	<u>78</u>	223,108	68
Gross profit	_	42,885	<u>27</u>	69,349	<u>36</u>	66,583	_22	106,042	32
Operating expenses (notes 6(10), 7 and 12):									
Selling		19,147	12	17,028	9	37,118	13	30,405	9
General and administrative		9,184	6	10,301	5	19,014	6	21,688	7
Research and development	_	48,422	<u>31</u>	42,512	_22	90,533	<u>30</u>	82,589	<u>25</u>
Total operating expenses		76,753	<u>49</u>	69,841	<u>36</u>	146,665	<u>49</u>	134,682	41
Net operating loss	_	(33,868)	(22)	(492)		(80,082)	<u>(27</u>)	(28,640)	<u>(9</u>)
Non-operating income and expenses (note 6(18)):									
Other income		124	-	275	-	237	-	570	-
Other gains and losses		920	1	3,465	2	1,254	-	1,476	1
Finance costs (note 6(10))	_	(333)		(19)		(650)		(39)	
Total non-operating income and expenses	_	711	1	3,721	2	841		2,007	1
Income (loss) before tax		(33,157)	(21)	3,229	2	(79,241)	(27)	(26,633)	(8)
Income tax benefits (note 6(13))	_							(4,296)	<u>(1</u>)
Net income (loss) for the period	_	(33,157)	<u>(21</u>)	3,229	2	(79,241)	<u>(27</u>)	(22,337)	<u>(7</u>)
Other comprehensive income for the period (after tax)	_								
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$ _	(33,157)	<u>(21</u>)	3,229	2	<u>(79,241</u>)	<u>(27</u>)	(22,337)	<u>(7</u>)
Earnings per share (New Taiwan Dollars) (note 6(15))									
Basic earnings per share	\$_		<u>(0.41</u>)		0.04	-	<u>(0.98</u>)		<u>(0.28</u>)
Diluted earnings per share	\$ _		<u>(0.41</u>)		0.04		<u>(0.98</u>)		<u>(0.28</u>)

Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Com	mon stock	Accumulated deficits	Total equity
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	808,596	(219,381)	589,215
Net loss for the period		-	(22,337)	(22,337)
Other comprehensive income for the period				
Total comprehensive income for the period			(22,337)	(22,337)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	808,596	(241,718)	566,878
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	808,596	(239,974)	568,622
Net loss for the period		-	(79,241)	(79,241)
Other comprehensive income for the period				<u> </u>
Total comprehensive income for the period			(79,241)	(79,241)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	808,596	(319,215)	489,381

Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the six months ended June 30.		
	2019	2018	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Loss before tax	\$ (79,241)	(26,633)	
Adjustments:			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):			
Depreciation	19,779	14,048	
Amortization	3,892	3,608	
Expected credit gain	(14)	(1)	
Interest expense	650	39	
Interest income	(237)	(570)	
Provision for inventory devaluation loss	26,048	7,516	
Others	888	214	
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	51,006	24,854	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		,	
Changes in operating assets:			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, mandatorily measured			
at fair value	45	-	
Accounts receivable	6,112	643	
Accounts receivable from related parties	32,229	(4,866)	
Inventories	6,137	(24,142)	
Other operating assets	2,020	3,829	
Total changes in operating assets	46,543	(24,536)	
Changes in operating liabilities:	10,5 15	(21,330)	
Financial liabilities held for trading	<u>_</u>	136	
Accounts payable	(39,467)	23,867	
Other operating liabilities	(5,980)	(3,439)	
Total changes in operating liabilities	(45,447)	20,564	
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	1,096	(3,972)	
Total adjustments	52,102	20,882	
Cash flows used in operations	$\frac{32,102}{(27,139)}$	(5,751)	
Interest received	252	611	
Interest received Interest paid	(639)	(39)	
•	(039)	(39)	
Income taxes paid	(27.526)	(5,186)	
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(27,526)	(3,180)	
Cash flows from investing activities:	(0.415)	(24.962)	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(9,415)	(24,862)	
(Increase) decrease in refundable deposits	(3)	103	
Acquisition of intangible assets	(8,808)	(4,528)	
Decrease in other current financial assets	63,500	6,000	
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	45,274	(23,287)	
Cash flows from financing activities:	00.115	1.7.000	
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	93,115	15,000	
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(71,000)	(15,000)	
Payment of lease liabilities	(4,357)		
Net cash flows from financing activities	<u>17,758</u> _	- (20.472)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period	35,506	(28,473)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	33,899	48,790	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 69,405	20,317	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Solid State System Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Share Information and Unless Otherwise Specified)

1. Company History

Solid State System Co., Ltd. ("3S") was incorporated on November 26, 1998, as a company limited by shares and registered under the Ministry of Economic Affairs of the Republic of China ("R.O.C."). The address of 3S's registered office is 5F-1 No. 22 Tai Yuen Street, Tai Yuen Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Jubei City, Hsinchu 302, Taiwan, R. O. C. 3S's common stocks have been publicly listed on Taipei Exchange since December 24, 2007.

The main activities of 3S and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") are the design, research, development, manufacture and sale of integrated circuits (ICs).

2. Approval Date and Procedures of the Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors and issue on August 8, 2019.

3. New Standards and Interpretations Adopted

(1) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. ("FSC") which have already been adopted.

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments have been endorsed by the FSC and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	per International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 16 Leases	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IFRS 9 Prepayment features with negative compensation	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 19 Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 28 Long-term interests in associates and joint ventures	January 1, 2019
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019

Except for the following items, the Company believes that the adoption of the above IFRSs would not have any material impact on its consolidated financial statements. The extent and impact of significant changes are as follows:

A. IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 replaces the existing leases guidance, including IAS 17 Leases, IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15 Operating Leases – Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease.

Effective date

The Company applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognized in retained earnings on January 1, 2019. The details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed below:

(i) Definition of a lease

Previously, the Company determined at contract inception whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease under IFRIC 4. Under IFRS 16, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on the definition of a lease, as explained in note 4(3).

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which the transactions are leases. The Company applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed for whether there is a lease. Therefore, the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 was applied only to contracts entered into, or changed on, or after, January 1, 2019.

(ii) As a lessee

As a lessee, the Company previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred significantly all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to the Company. Under IFRS 16, the Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for most leases – i.e. these leases are on-balance sheet.

Except for the short-term leases that the Company applied recognition exemptions to, for the leases classified as operating leases under IAS 17, at transition, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Company's incremental borrowing rate as at January 1, 2019. Right-of-use assets are measured at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments.

In addition, the Company used the following practical expedients when applying IFRS 16 to its leases:

- Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.
- Adjusted the right-of-use assets by the amount of IAS 37 onerous contract provision immediately before the date of initial application, as an alternative to an impairment review.
- Applied the exemption not to recognize right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term.
- Used hindsight when determining the lease term if the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

(iii) Impacts on financial statements

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognized the additional amount of \$12,907 as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. When measuring lease liabilities, the Company discounted lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019, where the weighted-average rate applied is 1.5644%.

The explanation of differences between operating lease commitments disclosed at the end of the annual reporting period immediately preceding the date of initial application, and lease liabilities recognized in the statement of financial position at the date of initial application disclosed as follows:

	J	anuary 1, 2019
Operating lease commitment at December 31, 2018 as disclosed in the Company's consolidated financial statements	\$	10,949
Recognition exemption for short-term leases		(529)
Extension and termination options reasonably certain to be exercised	_	2,629
Undiscounted amount at January 1, 2019	\$ _	13,049
Discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at January 1, 2019	\$ _	12,907
Lease liabilities recognized at January 1, 2019	\$ _	12,907

B. The impact of IFRS endorsed by the FSC but not yet effective

The following new standards, interpretations and amendments have been endorsed by the FSC and are effective for annual periods beginning, or after, January 1, 2020 in accordance with Ruling No. 1080323028 issued by the FSC on July 29, 2019:

	Effective date
	per International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3 Definition of a Business	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 Definition of Material	January 1, 2020

The Company assesses that the adoption of the abovementioned standards would not have any material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Effective date

C. The impact of IFRS issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not yet endorsed by the FSC.

As of the date, the following IFRSs that have been issued by the IASB, but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

	Effective date
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	per IASB
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets Between	Effective date to
an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture	be determined by
	IASB
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2021

The Company is evaluating the impact on its consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance upon the initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Company completes its evaluation.

4. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the *Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers* (hereinafter referred to as the Regulations) and the guidelines of IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* (hereinafter referred to as IAS 34) which are endorsed and issued into effect by FSC, and do not include all of the information required by the Regulations and by the IFRSs, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC (hereinafter referred to as the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC) for a complete set of the annual consolidated financial statements.

Except as described in the following paragraph, the Company's significant accounting policies are applied consistently with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. For related information, please refer to note 4 of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

(2) Basis of consolidation

The principle of preparation of the consolidated financial statements is consistent with those of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. For related information, please refer to note 4(3) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Effective date

A. List of subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

			Percenta	age of ownersl	hip (%)
Name of investor	Subsidiary	Main activities	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
3S	ViCHIP Corporation Limited (ViCHIP)	Operating electronic components manufacturing, wholesaling, sales and product design business	100 %	100 %	100 %

B. List of subsidiaries which are not included in the consolidated financial statements; None.

(3) Leases (applicable from January 1, 2019)

A. Identifying a lease

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset, and the supplier does not have a substantive right to substitute the asset; and
- the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Company has the right to the direct use of the asset.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of land and buildings in which it is a lessee, the Company has elected not to separate these non-lease components, and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

B. As a leasee

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at, or before, the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments);
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the assessment regarding the purchase option; or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications.

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Company has elected not to recognize the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for its parking space, which qualifies as short-term and low-value assets leases. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

C. As a lessor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Company applies IFRS 15 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

(4) Income tax

Income tax expense in the financial statements is measured and disclosed in according to paragraph B12 of IAS 34 endorsed by the FSC.

Income tax expense for the period is best estimated by multiplying pretax income for the interim reporting period by the effective annual tax rate as forecasted by the management. This is recognized fully as income tax expense for the current period.

For a change in tax rate that is substantively enacted in an interim period, the effect of the change should immediately be recognized in the interim period in which the change occurs.

Temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases shall be measured based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the time of the asset or liability is recovered or settled, and be recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income as tax expense.

(5) Employee benefits

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the reporting date of the prior fiscal year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

5. Major Sources of Accounting Judgments, Estimations and Assumptions of Uncertainty

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Regulations and IFRSs (in accordance with IAS 34 endorsed by the FSC) requires management to make judgments, estimations and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the major sources of accounting judgments, estimations and assumptions of uncertainty are applied consistently with note 5 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

6. Description of Significant Accounts

Except for the following disclosures, there is no significant difference as compared with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. Please refer to Note 6 of the 2018 annual consolidated financial statements.

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	326	323	325
Checking and savings accounts		16,779	31,176	17,592
Time deposits	_	52,300	2,400	2,400
	\$_	69,405	33,899	20,317

Refer to note 6(19) for the sensitivity analysis of the financial assets and liabilities of the Company.

There were no time deposits with original maturities of more than three months as of June 30, 2019. In addition, time deposits with original maturities of more than three months as of December 31 and June 30, 2018, respectively, were reclassified to other current financial assets. Please refer to note 6(5).

(2) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, mandatorily measured at fair value:			
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$ <u> </u>	<u>45</u>	
Held-for-trading financial liabilities: Foreign currency forward contracts	\$ <u> </u>		(136)

The Company held derivative financial instruments to manage its foreign currency exchange risk resulting from operations. The related transactions had been settled as of June 30, 2019. The Company held the following derivative instruments, without the application of hedge accounting, were classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, mandatorily measured at fair value and held-for-trading financial liabilities as of December 31 and June 30, 2018:

Unit: foreign currency thousand

	December 31, 2018					
	Cont	ract				
	amo	unt	Currency	Maturity date		
Sell – forward foreign	USD	600	Sell USD/	January 16, 2019~		
currency exchange contracts			Buy TWD	January 23, 2019		

	June 30, 2018					
	Cont		Cummanay	Maturity data		
	amo	unt	Currency	Maturity date		
Sell – forward foreign	USD	600	Sell USD/	July 24, 2018~July 30, 2018		
currency exchange contracts			Buy TWD			

(3) Accounts receivable (including receivables from related parties)

		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
Accounts receivable (including receivables from related parties)	\$	91,396	129,737	100,093
Less: loss allowance	_	(346)	(360)	(66)
	\$ _	91,050	129,377	100,027
Accounts receivable, net	\$_	20,836	26,934	14,133
Accounts receivable from related parties, ner	t \$_	70,214	102,443	85,894

The Company applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses (ECL), which permit the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. The ECL on accounts receivable by reference to past default experience of the customers and credit risk characteristics, as well as forward looking information, including macroeconomic and relevant industry information. The expected loss allowance for accounts receivable (including receivables from related parties) was determined as follows:

			June 30, 2019	
		Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average loss rate	Expected loss allowance
Not past due	\$	84,758	0.221 %	187
Past due 1~89 days		5,319	2.989 %	159
Past due 90~180 days	_	1,319	-	
Total	\$_	91,396		346
			December 31, 2018	
		Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average loss rate	Expected loss allowance
Not past due	\$	122,242	0.200 %	244
Past due 1~89 days		5,074	0.020 %	1
Past due 90~180 days		2,071	-	-
More than 180 days past du	ıe _	350	32.857 %	115
Total	\$_	129,737		360

	June 30, 2018					
	_	Gross carrying amount	Weighted-average loss rate	Expected loss allowance		
Not past due	\$	99,432	0.060 %	60		
Past due 1~89 days	_	661	0.908 %	6		
Total	\$_	100,093		66		

The movement in the allowance for accounts receivable (including receivables from related parties) was as follows:

	Fo	or the six mon June 30	
		2019	2018
Beginning balance	\$	360	67
Impairment loss reversed		(14)	(1)
Ending balance	\$	346	66

(4) Inventories

		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
Raw materials	\$	32,197	36,707	561
Work in process		108,716	110,126	83,046
Finished goods		65,971	99,541	64,942
Merchandise inventory		7,343	38	95
	\$	214,227	<u>246,412</u>	148,644

The details of operating costs were as follows:

	For	r the three m June :	onths ended 30,	For the six months ended June 30,		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Cost of goods sold	\$	106,064	123,973	206,388	215,592	
Inventory devaluation loss		7,569	1,093	26,048	7,516	
	\$	113,633	125,066	232,436	223,108	

(5) Other current financial assets

		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
Time deposits (over three months)	\$	-	63,500	107,000
Pledged deposits		300	300	300
Others	_	1,920	2,180	2,195
	\$_	2,220	65,980	109,495

Please refer to note 8 for the details regarding deposit guarantee as of June 30, 2019, December 31 and June 30, 2018.

(6) Property, plant and equipment

		Land	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Office and other equipment	Total
Cost:		Land	Dunuings	cquipment	equipment	
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	34,271	73,357	150,208	16,858	274,694
Additions				10,332	1,318	11,650
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	34,271	73,357	160,540	18,176	286,344
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	34,271	74,339	134,980	7,654	251,244
Additions		-	-	10,691	13,109	23,800
Reclassification	_			(6)		(6)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	34,271	74,339	145,665	20,763	275,038
Accumulated depreciation:						
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	-	18,667	53,050	4,330	76,047
Depreciation for the period			983	12,060	2,346	15,389
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$		19,650	65,110	6,676	91,436
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	-	17,501	34,254	4,040	55,795
Depreciation for the period			1,147	10,531	2,370	14,048
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$		18,648	44,785	6,410	69,843
Book value:	_					
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	34,271	54,690	97,158	12,528	198,647
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	34,271	53,707	95,430	11,500	194,908
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	34,271	56,838	100,726	3,614	195,449
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	34,271	55,691	100,880	14,353	205,195

Please refer to note 8 for the details regarding facilities guarantee as of June 30, 2019, December 31 and June 30, 2018.

(7) Right-of-use assets

		June 30, 2019
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets:		
Buildings		\$ <u>8,517</u>
	For the three months ended June 30, 2019	For the six months ended June 30, 2019
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets:		
Buildings	\$ <u>2,195</u>	4,390

The Company leases office under operating leases, for the six months ended June 30, 2018; please refer to note 6(11).

(8) Intangible assets

			omputer oftware	Patent and technology license fee	Total
	Cost:				
	Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	10,473	28,095	38,568
	Additions		2,798	5,917	8,715
	Reclassification			(888)	(888)
	Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	13,271	33,124	46,395
	Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	11,583	22,721	34,304
	Additions		3,543	898	4,441
	Reclassification			(208)	(208)
	Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	15,126	23,411	38,537
	Accumulated amortization:				
	Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	3,829	11,095	14,924
	Amortization for the period		1,369	2,523	3,892
	Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	5,198	13,618	18,816
	Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	5,625	8,319	13,944
	Amortization for the period		1,810	1,798	3,608
	Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	7,435	10,117	17,552
	Book value:				
	Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	6,644	<u>17,000</u>	23,644
	Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	8,073	19,506	27,579
	Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$	5,958	14,402	20,360
	Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	7,691	13,294	20,985
(9)	Short-term borrowings				
		J	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
	Secured bank loans	\$	93,115	71,000	
	Unused short-term credit lines	\$	117,945	139,720	210,480
	Range of interest rates	1.5	6%~2.30%	1.49%~1.56%	-
	Please refer to note 8 for the details reg	arding fa	cilities quarant	ee as of June 30, 201	9 December 31

Please refer to note 8 for the details regarding facilities guarantee as of June 30, 2019, December 31 and June 30, 2018.

(10) Lease liabilities

		June 30, 2019						
		uture num lease		Present value of minimum				
	pa	yments	Interest	lease payments				
Less than one year	\$	8,130	61	8,069				
Between one and five years		481		481				
	\$	8,611	61	8,550				

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	For th	e three	For the six
	months ended		months ended
	June 3	0, 2019	June 30, 2019
Interest on lease liabilities	\$	36	81
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$	67	132

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Company was as follows:

months ended
June 30, 2019
\$ 4,570

Total cash outflow for leases

As of June 30, 2019, the Company leases buildings for its office space. The leases of office space typically run for a period of 2 years. Leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract term.

(11) Operating lease

There were no significant additions to the operating lease contracts for the six months ended June 30, 2018. For related information about operating lease, please refer to note 6(9) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

(12) Employee benefit

Given there was no significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off event in the prior fiscal year, the pension costs in the financial statements are measured and disclosed according to the actuarial results determined on December 31, 2018 and 2017.

For the information related to the Company's pension costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, please refer to note 12.

(13) Income tax

A. The amount income tax benefits were as follows:

		months ended ie 30,	For the six months ended June 30,		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Current tax expense	\$	<u> </u>			
Deferred tax benefit					
Change in tax rate				(4,296)	
Income tax benefits	\$	<u> </u>		(4,296)	

B. 3S's income tax returns had been assessed by the tax authorities through 2016.

(14) Capital and other equity interest

Except as described in the following paragraph, there were no significant changes in the Company's capital and other equity interest for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. For related information about the stockholders' equity, please refer to note 6(12) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The deficit compensation for 2018 and 2017 which was approved during the stockholders' meeting held on June 24, 2019 and June 8, 2018, respectively, was consistent with the resolution approved by the Board of Directors.

The information is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

After the end of the year, the earnings distribution for 2019 will be subjected for approval in the Board of Directors' meeting and annual stockholders' meeting. The information will be available on the Market Observation Post System website after the resolution meeting.

(15) Earnings per share

The Company calculated the EPS as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Basic earnings per share:						
Net income (loss) attributable to 3S's stockholders	\$_	(33,157)	3,229	<u>(79,241</u>)	(22,337)	
Weighted average common stocks outstanding		00.000	00.070	00.000	00.060	
(thousand shares)	_	80,860	80,860	80,860	80,860	
Basic EPS (TWD)	\$	(0.41)	0.04	(0.98)	(0.28)	
Diluted EPS (TWD)	\$	(0.41)	0.04	(0.98)	(0.28)	

Since 3S incurred a net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares for the period.

(16) Revenue from contracts with customers

	For the three months ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Primary geographical markets						
America	\$	92,018	125,205	176,764	190,604	
Taiwan		26,167	32,401	47,698	69,100	
Japan		31,949	30,330	63,072	57,795	
China		1,096	3,324	4,110	6,113	
Hong Kong		5,288	3,155	7,375	5,538	
	\$	156,518	194,415	299,019	329,150	
Major products				_		
Revenue from IC	\$	147,074	180,305	288,240	306,824	
Technical Service Income		9,444	14,110	10,779	22,326	
	\$	156,518	194,415	299,019	329,150	

(17) Compensation of employees and directors

According to 3S's articles of incorporation, 3S's annual net income before tax, after offsetting any accumulated deficit, no less than 10% of the remainder shall be appropriated as employee compensation, and no more than 2% of the remainder shall be appropriated as compensation to directors. The compensation of employee in the form of stock bonuses may also apply to employees of the affiliated companies. The Board of Directors is authorized to set out related terms and conditions. The remuneration to independent directors of 3S are distributed on a monthly fixed term and excluded from the above mentioned distribution.

Because 3S incurred a net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, compensation to employees and directors were not accrued. If there are any subsequent adjustments to the actual compensation amounts after the annual stockholders' meeting, the adjustment will be regarded as changes in accounting estimates and will be reflected in profit or loss in the following year.

For related information about the 3S's compensation to employees and directors will be available at the Market Observation Post System website.

(18) Non-operating income and expenses

A. Other income

	For t	he three mo June 3	onths ended 0,	For the six mo		
	2	019	2018	2019	2018	
Interest income	<u>\$</u>	124	275	237	570	

(Continued)

B. Other gains and losses

	For	the three mo	onths ended	For the six months ended		
	June 30,			June 3	80,	
	2	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Foreign exchange gains, net	\$	713	3,712	1,108	1,690	
Gains (losses) on financial assets (liabilities) at fair						
value through profit or loss		(133)	(257)	(215)	(258)	
Others		340	10	361	44	
	\$	920	3,465	1,254	1,476	
Finance costs						
	For	the three mo June 3	onths ended 0,	For the six months ended June 30,		
	2	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Interest expense — short-term borrowings and other	\$	297	19	569	39	
Interest expense—lease liabilities		36		81	<u>-</u>	

(19) Financial instruments

C.

Except as described in the following paragraph, there were no significant changes in the Company's fair value of financial instruments exposed to credit risk and market risk. For related information about the fair value of financial instruments, please refer to note 6(18) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

A. Liquidity risk

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities (including estimated interest expense):

		Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years
June 30, 2019				_		
Non-derivative financial liabilitie	S					
Short-term borrowings	\$	93,115	93,585	93,585	-	-
Accounts payable		15,330	15,330	15,330	-	-
Lease liabilities (included in current and non-current)		8,550	8,611	4,438	3,692	481
Other payables (recorded in othe current liabilities)	r _	34,934	34,934	34,934		
	\$ _	151,929	<u>152,460</u>	148,287	3,692	481

<u>650</u>

		arrying imount	Contractual cash flows	Within 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years
December 31, 2018						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short-term borrowings	\$	71,000	71,377	71,377	-	-
Accounts payable		54,797	54,797	54,797	-	-
Other payables (recorded in other						
current liabilities)	_	30,528	30,528	30,528		
	\$_	156,325	156,702	156,702		
June 30, 2018						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	35,367	35,367	35,367	-	_
Other payables (recorded in other current liabilities)		26,985	26,985	26,985	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities						
Current financial liability at fair value through profit or loss		136	136	136		
	\$ _	62,488	62,488	62,488		

The Company does not expect that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amounts.

B. Currency risk

(a) Exposure to currency risk

The Company's financial assets and liabilities exposed to exchange rate risk were as follows:

	June 30, 2019			Dece	ember 31, 20	18	June 30, 2018			
	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	Foreign currency	Exchange rate	TWD	
Financial assets										
Monetary items										
USD	\$ 2,941	31.06	91,347	3,996	30.72	122,757	3,310	30.48	100,889	
Financial liabilities										
Monetary items										
USD	727	31.06	22,581	1,778	30.72	54,620	1,206	30.48	36,759	

(b) Sensitivity analysis

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, receivables (including receivables from related parties), accounts payable and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency.

A 1% depreciation or appreciation of the TWD against the USD as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, would have decreased or increased the net loss by \$550 and \$513, respectively. This analysis is based on foreign currency exchange rate variances that the Company considered to be reasonably possible at the reporting date. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

The Company's realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) on the foreign currency monetary items using the functional currency were as follows:

	For the	three mon	ths ended Ju	For the six months ended June 30,				
	201	9	20	18	20	19	20	18
	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	Average rate	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	Average rate	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	Average rate	Foreign exchange gains (losses)	Average rate
USD	\$ 713		3,712		1,108		1,690	

C. Fair value of financial instruments

(a) Categories of financial instruments and fair value

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is measured on a recurring basis. The Company's carrying amount and the fair value of financial assets and liabilities (including information for fair value hierarchy, excluding financial instruments whose fair values approximate the carrying amounts and lease liabilities) were as follows:

	June 30, 2019							
	Carrying Fair value							
		Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial assets measured at amortized cost								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	69,405	-	-	-	-		
Receivables (including receivables from related								
parties)		91,050	-	-	-	-		
Other current financial assets		2,220	-	-	-	-		
Refundable deposits		7,955	-	-	-	-		
Other non-current financial assets		3,252						
	\$	173,882						
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost								
Short-term borrowings	\$	93,115	-	-	-	-		
Accounts payable		15,330	-	-	-	-		
Other payables (recorded in other	•	24.024						
current liabilities) Lease liabilities (included in		34,934	-	-	-	-		
current and non-current)	_	8,550						
	\$ _	151,929						

	December 31, 2018					
		Carrying		Fair v	alue	
		Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss,						
mandatorily measured at fair						
value – foreign currency						
forward contracts	\$_	45		45		45
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	_					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,899	-	-	-	-
Receivables (including receivables from related						
parties)		129,377	-	-	-	-
Other current financial assets		65,980	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits		7,952	-	-	-	-
Other non-current financial assets	s _	3,530				
	\$ _	240,738				
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost						
Short-term borrowings	\$	71,000	-	-	-	=
Accounts payable		54,797	-	-	-	-
Other payables (recorded in other	r					
current liabilities)	_	30,528				
	\$ _	156,325				
	_		June 30, 2018			
		arrying			Fair value	
Financial assets measured at		Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
amortized cost						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (including receivables from related	\$	20,317	-	-	-	-
parties)		100,027	-	-	-	-
Other current financial assets		109,495	-	-	-	-
Refundable deposits		7,865	-	-	-	-
Other non-current financial assets	s _	3,568				
	\$_	241,272				
Financial liabilities at fair value	_					
through profit or loss						
Held-for-trading financial liabilities – foreign currency						
forward contracts	\$ _	136		136		136

		June 30, 2018							
	C	arrying		Fair value					
	A	mount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost									
Accounts payable	\$	35,367	-	-	-	-			
Other payables (recorded in oth current liabilities)	ner 	26,985			<u> </u>				
	\$	62,352							

(b) Valuation techniques for financial instruments not measured at fair value

Fair value measurement for financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost will be based on the latest quoted price and agreed-upon price if these prices are available in the active markets. When market value is unavailable, the fair value of financial liabilities are evaluated based on the discounted cash flow of the financial assets and liabilities.

(c) Valuation techniques for financial instruments that are measured at fair value

Foreign currency forward contract is measured based on the current forward exchange rate.

(20) Financial risk management

There were no significant changes in the Company's objectives and policies applied in the financial risk management from those in note 6(19) of the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2018.

(21) Capital management

The Company's objectives, policies and processes for capital management were consistent with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. There were no significant changes in quantified factors of capital management from those in the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2018. For related information about the capital management, please refer to note 6(20) of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

(22) Financing activities not affecting current cash flow

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities were as follows:

	Shor borro	Lease liabilities	
Balance as of January 1, 2019	\$	71,000	12,907
Cash flows:			
Proceeds from borrowings		93,115	-
Repayments of borrowings		(71,000)	-
Payment of lease liabilities		<u>-</u> _	(4,357)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	93,115	8,550

	Short-term borrowings
Balance as of January 1, 2018	\$ -
Cash flows:	
Proceeds from borrowings	15,000
Repayments of borrowings	(15,000)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ <u> </u>

7. Related-party Transactions

(1) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statements.

Name of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Kingston Digital International Ltd (KDIL)	The subsidiary of Kingston Technology Company
Toshiba Memory Corporation (TMC)	A member of the board of 3S

- (2) Significant transactions with related parties
 - A. Sales and service revenue from related parties

	For	r the three m June 3		For the six months ended June 30,		
Related Party Category		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Other related-parties:		_				
KDIL	\$	92,018	124,446	176,764	182,934	
TMC		31,948	30,331	63,072	57,795	
	\$	123,966	154,777	239,836	240,729	

The collection terms for sales to related parties will be 30 to 45 days or after the month-end; the prices of products sold to related parties were determined by the product specifications and the situation regarding market supply and demand, and there was no obvious difference from those with non-related parties.

B. Accounts receivable from related parties

Related Party Category		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
Other related-parties:		_		
KDIL	\$	57,245	84,247	80,510
TMC		12,969	18,196	5,384
	\$_	70,214	102,443	85,894

(3) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	For the three months ended June 30,			For the six months ended June 30,		
		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Short-term employee benefits	\$	3,102	2,013	6,626	4,503	
Post-employment benefits		81	81	162	162	
	\$	3,183	2,094	6,788	4,665	

8. Pledged Assets

The carrying values of the Company's pledged assets are as follows:

Assets	Purpose of Pledged		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018	June 30, 2018
Time deposits (recorded in other current financial	Customs duty guarantee				
assets)		\$	300	300	300
Property, plant and	Loan commitments				
equipment			87,978	88,961	89,962
Refundable deposits	Warranty guarantee	_	5,500	5,500	5,500
		\$_	93,778	94,761	95,762

9. Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Except the consolidated financial statements notes 6(10) and (11), 3S has licenses to use other companies' technology, which require monthly royalty payments based on sales volume.

10. Significant Disaster Losses: None.

11. Significant Subsequent Events: None.

12. Others

A summary of current-period employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization, by function, is as follows:

By function		three month June 30, 2019			three month June 30, 2018	
By item	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total
Employee benefits						
Salary	454	39,813	40,267	410	33,937	34,347
Labor and health insurance	46	3,249	3,295	43	2,921	2,964
Pension	23	2,047	2,070	22	1,927	1,949
Others	33	1,462	1,495	33	1,337	1,370
Depreciation	4,626	5,342	9,968	3,968	3,241	7,209
Amortization	-	2,064	2,064	-	1,523	1,523

By function		e six months June 30, 2019		For the six months ended June 30, 2018			
By item	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total	
Employee benefits							
Salary	864	81,462	82,326	810	70,278	71,088	
Labor and health insurance	91	6,641	6,732	86	6,028	6,114	
Pension	45	4,096	4,141	43	3,852	3,895	
Others	65	3,015	3,080	69	3,101	3,170	
Depreciation	9,126	10,653	19,779	7,936	6,112	14,048	
Amortization	-	3,892	3,892	-	3,608	3,608	

13. Segment Information

The Company is a single reportable segment. The Company is mainly engaged in the research, development, manufacture and sale of integrated circuits (ICs). The operating segment information is consistent with the consolidated financial statements. Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for net revenues from external customers and segment profit or loss, and refer to the consolidated balance sheets for segment assets.